111th CONGRESS 2D SESSION S.
To combat online infringement, and for other purposes.
IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES
introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on
A BILL
To combat online infringement, and for other purposes.
1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4 This Act may be cited as the "Combating Online In-
5 fringement and Counterfeits Act".

6 SEC. 2. INTERNET SITES DEDICATED TO INFRINGING AC-

Chapter 113 of title 18, United States Code, is

TIVITIES.

9 amended by adding at the end the following:

7

8

1	"§ 2324. Internet sites dedicated to infringing activi-
2	ties
3	"(a) Definition.—For purposes of this section, an
4	Internet site is 'dedicated to infringing activities' if such
5	site—
6	"(1) is otherwise subject to civil forfeiture to
7	the United States Government under section 2323;
8	or
9	"(2) is—
10	"(A) primarily designed, has no demon-
11	strable, commercially significant purpose or use
12	other than, or is marketed by its operator, or
13	by a person acting in concert with the operator,
14	to offer—
15	"(i) goods or services in violation of
16	title 17, United States Code, or enable or
17	facilitate a violation of title 17, United
18	States Code, including by offering or pro-
19	viding access to, without the authorization
20	of the copyright owner or otherwise by op-
21	eration of law, copies of, or public perform-
22	ance or display of, works protected by title
23	17, in complete or substantially complete
24	form, by any means, including by means of
25	download, transmission, or otherwise, in-
26	cluding the provision of a link or aggre-

1	gated links to other sites or Internet re-
2	sources for obtaining such copies for ac-
3	cessing such performance or displays; or
4	"(ii) to sell or distribute goods, serv-
5	ices, or materials bearing a counterfeit
6	mark, as that term is defined in section
7	34(d) of the Act entitled 'An Act to pro-
8	vide for the registration and protection of
9	trademarks used in commerce, to carry out
10	the provisions of certain international con-
11	ventions, and for other purposes', approved
12	July 5, 1946 (commonly referred to as the
13	'Trademark Act of 1946' or the 'Lanham
14	Act'; 15 U.S.C. 1116(d)); and
15	"(B) engaged in the activities described in
16	subparagraph (A), and when taken together,
17	such activities are central to the activity of the
18	Internet site or sites accessed through a specific
19	domain name.
20	"(b) Injunctive Relief.—On application of the At-
21	torney General following the commencement of an action
22	pursuant to subsection (c), the court may issue a tem-
23	porary restraining order, a preliminary injunction, or an
24	injunction against the domain name used by an Internet
25	site dedicated to infringing activities to cease and desist

1	from undertaking any infringing activity in violation of
2	this section, in accordance with rule 65 of the Federal
3	Rules of Civil Procedure. A party described in subsection
4	(e) receiving an order issued pursuant to this section shall
5	take the appropriate actions described in subsection (e).
6	"(c) IN REM ACTION.—
7	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General may
8	commence an in rem action against any domain
9	name used by an Internet site in the judicial district
10	in which the domain name registrar or domain name
11	registry is located, or, if pursuant to subsection
12	(d)(2), in the District of Columbia, if—
13	"(A) the domain name is dedicated to in-
14	fringing activities; and
15	"(B) the Attorney General simulta-
16	neously—
17	"(i) sends a notice of the alleged vio-
18	lation and intent to proceed under this
19	subsection to the registrant of the domain
20	name at the postal and e-mail address pro-
21	vided by the registrant to the registrar, if
22	available; and
23	"(ii) publishes notice of the action as
24	the court may direct promptly after filing
25	the action.

1	"(2) Service of Process.—For purposes of
2	this section, the actions described under paragraph
3	(1)(B) shall constitute service of process.
4	"(d) Situs.—
5	"(1) Domains for which the registry or
6	REGISTRAR IS LOCATED DOMESTICALLY.—In an in
7	rem action commenced under subsection (c), a do-
8	main name shall be deemed to have its situs in the
9	judicial district in which—
10	"(A) the domain name registrar or registry
11	is located, provided that for a registry that is
12	located in more than 1 judicial district, venue
13	shall be appropriate at the principal place
14	where the registry operations are performed; or
15	"(B) documents sufficient to establish con-
16	trol and authority regarding the disposition of
17	the registration and use of the domain name
18	are deposited with the court.
19	"(2) Domains for which the registry or
20	REGISTRAR IS NOT LOCATED DOMESTICALLY.—
21	"(A) ACTION BROUGHT IN DISTRICT OF
22	COLUMBIA.—If the provisions of paragraph (1)
23	do not apply to a particular domain name, the
24	in rem action may be brought in the District of
25	Columbia to prevent the importation into the

1	United States of goods and services offered by
2	an Internet site dedicated to infringing activi-
3	ties if—
4	"(i) the domain name is used to ac-
5	cess such Internet site in the United
6	States; and
7	"(ii) the Internet site—
8	"(I) conducts business directed to
9	residents of the United States; and
10	"(II) harms intellectual property
11	rights holders that are residents of
12	the United States.
13	"(B) Determination by the court.—
14	For purposes of determining whether an Inter-
15	net site conducts business directed to residents
16	of the United States under subparagraph
17	(A)(ii)(I), a court shall consider, among other
18	indicia whether—
19	"(i) the Internet site is actually pro-
20	viding goods or services to subscribers lo-
21	cated in the United States;
22	"(ii) the Internet site states that it is
23	not intended, and has measures to prevent,
24	infringing material from being accessed in
25	or delivered to the United States;

1	"(iii) the Internet site offers services
2	accessible in the United States; and
3	"(iv) any prices for goods and services
4	are indicated in the currency of the United
5	States.
6	"(e) Service of Court Order.—
7	"(1) Domestic domains.—In an in rem action
8	to which subsection (d)(1) applies, the Attorney
9	General shall serve any court order issued pursuant
10	to this section on the domain name registrar or, if
11	the domain name registrar is not located within the
12	United States, upon the registry. Upon receipt of
13	such order, the domain name registrar or domain
14	name registry shall suspend operation of, and lock,
15	the domain name.
16	"(2) Nondomestic domains.—
17	"(A) Entity to be served.—In an in
18	rem action to which subsection (d)(2) applies,
19	the Attorney General may serve any court order
20	issued pursuant to this section on any entity
21	listed in clauses (i) through (iii) of subpara-
22	graph (B).
23	"(B) REQUIRED ACTIONS.—Upon receipt
24	of a court order issued pursuant to this sec-
25	tion—

1	(1) a service provider, as that term is
2	defined in section $512(k)(1)$ of title 17,
3	United States Code, or other operator of a
4	domain name system server shall take rea-
5	sonable steps that will prevent a domain
6	name from resolving to that domain
7	name's Internet protocol address;
8	"(ii) a financial transaction provider,
9	as that term is defined in section 5362(4)
10	of title 31, United States Code, shall take
11	reasonable measures, as expeditiously as
12	practical, to prevent—
13	"(I) its service from processing
14	transactions for customers located
15	within the United States based on
16	purchases associated with the domain
17	name; and
18	"(II) its trademarks from being
19	authorized for use on Internet sites
20	associated with such domain name;
21	and
22	"(iii) a service that serves contextual
23	or display advertisements to Internet sites
24	shall take reasonable measures, as expedi-
25	tiously as practical, to prevent its network

1 from serving advertisements to an Internet 2 site accessed through such domain name. 3 "(3) IMMUNITY.—No cause of action shall lie in 4 any Federal or State court or administrative agency 5 against any entity receiving a court order issued 6 under this section, or against any director, officer, 7 employee, or agent thereof, for any action reasonably 8 calculated to comply with this section or arising 9 from such order. 10 "(f) Publication of Orders.—The Attorney General shall inform the Intellectual Property Enforcement 11 12 Coordinator of all court orders issued under this section 13 directed to specific domain names associated with Internet sites dedicated to infringing activities. The Intellectual 14 15 Property Enforcement Coordinator shall post such domain names on a publicly available Internet site, together with 16 17 other relevant information, in order to inform the public. 18 "(g) Enforcement of Orders.—In order to compel compliance with this section, the Attorney General may 19 20 bring an action against any party receiving a court order 21 issued pursuant to this section that willfully or persistently 22 fails to comply with such order. A showing by the defending party in such action that it does not have the technical means to comply with this section shall serve as a complete 25 defense to such action.

1	"(h) Modification or Vacation of Orders; Dis-
2	MISSAL.—
3	"(1) Modification or vacation of order.—
4	At any time after the issuance of a court order con-
5	stituting injunctive relief under this section—
6	"(A) the Attorney General may apply for a
7	modification of the order—
8	"(i) to expand the order to apply to a
9	domain name that is reconstituted using a
10	different domain name subsequent to the
11	original order, and
12	"(ii) to include additional domain
13	names that are used in substantially the
14	same manner as the Internet site against
15	which the action was brought,
16	by providing the court with clear indicia of joint
17	control, ownership, or operation of the Internet
18	site associated with the domain name subject to
19	the order and the Internet site associated with
20	the requested modification; and
21	"(B) a defendant or owner or operator of
22	a domain name subject to the order, or any
23	party required to take action based on the
24	order, may petition the court to modify, sus-

1	pend, or vacate the order, based on evidence
2	that—
3	"(i) the Internet site associated with
4	the domain name subject to the order is no
5	longer dedicated to infringing activities; or
6	"(ii) the interests of justice require
7	that the order be modified, suspended, or
8	vacated.
9	"(2) DISMISSAL OF ORDER.—A court order
10	constituting injunctive relief under this section
11	issued against a domain name used by an Internet
12	site dedicated to infringing activities shall automati-
13	cally cease to have any force or effect upon expira-
14	tion of the registration of the domain name. It shall
15	be the responsibility of the domain name registrar to
16	notify the court of such expiration.
17	"(i) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this section shall
18	be construed to limit civil or criminal remedies available
19	to any person (including the United States) for infringing
20	activities on the Internet pursuant to any other Federal
21	or State law.
22	"(j) Internet Sites Alleged by the Depart-
23	MENT OF JUSTICE TO BE DEDICATED TO INFRINGING
24	ACTIVITIES.—

1 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall 2 maintain a public listing of domain names that, 3 upon information and reasonable belief, the Depart-4 ment of Justice determines are dedicated to infring-5 ing activities but for which the Attorney General has 6 not filed an action under this section. 7 "(2) Protection for undertaking correc-8 TIVE MEASURES.—If an entity described under sub-9 section (e) takes any action specified in such sub-10 section with respect to a domain name that appears 11 on the list established under paragraph (1), then 12 such entity shall receive the immunity protections 13 described under subsection (e)(3). 14 "(3) Removal from List.—The Attorney Gen-15 eral shall establish and publish procedures for the 16 owner or operator of a domain name appearing on 17 the list established under paragraph (1) to petition 18 the Attorney General to remove such domain name 19 from the list based on any of the factors described 20 under subsection (h)(1)(B). "(4) Judicial Review.— 21 22 "(A) IN GENERAL.—After the Attorney 23 General makes a final determination on a peti-24 tion to remove a domain name appearing on the 25 list established under paragraph (1) filed by an

1 individual pursuant to the procedures referred 2 to in paragraph (3), the individual may obtain 3 judicial review of such determination in a civil 4 action commenced not later than 90 days after 5 notice of such decision, or such further time as 6 the Attorney General may allow. 7 "(B) JURISDICTION.—A civil action for 8 such judicial review shall be brought in the dis-9 trict court of the United States for the judicial 10 district in which the plaintiff resides, or has a 11 principal place of business, or, if the plaintiff 12 does not reside or have a principal place of 13 business within any such judicial district, in the 14 District Court of the United States for the Dis-15 trict of Columbia. 16 "(C) Answer.—As part of the Attorney 17 General's answer to a complaint for such judi-18 cial review, the Attorney General shall file a 19 certified copy of the administrative record com-20 piled pursuant to the petition to remove, includ-21 ing the evidence upon which the findings and 22 decision complained of are based. 23 "(D) JUDGMENT.—The court shall have 24 power to enter, upon the pleadings and tran-25 script of the record, a judgment affirming or re-

1	versing the result of the Attorney General's de
2	termination on the petition to remove, with or
3	without remanding the cause for a rehearing."
4	SEC. 3. REQUIRED ACTIONS BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL
5	The Attorney General shall—
6	(1) publish procedures to receive information
7	from the public about Internet sites that are dedi
8	cated to infringing activities, as that term is defined
9	under section 2324 of title 18, United States Code
10	(2) provide guidance to intellectual property
11	rights holders about what information such rights
12	holders should provide the Department of Justice to
13	initiate an investigation pursuant to such section
14	2324;
15	(3) provide guidance to intellectual property
16	rights holders about how to supplement an ongoing
17	investigation initiated pursuant to such section
18	2324;
19	(4) establish standards for prioritization of ac
20	tions brought under such section 2324; and
21	(5) provide appropriate resources and proce
22	dures for case management and development to af
23	fect timely disposition of actions brought under such
24	section 2324.